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		THE PART BUYENTOP	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	1396 US/PCT	4020
10/509,501	09/28/2004	Eric Hanse	1390 03/101	
10/307,501			EXAM	INER
7590 07/17/2006			LIN, ING HOUR	
Robert S Klemz Jr Vesuvius 4604 Campbells Run Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1725	
Pittsburgh, PA	15205		DATE MAILED: 07/17/200	06

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/509,501	HANSE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ing-Hour Lin	1725	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence	address
The MAILING DATE of this communication at Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) □ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 and 19 an	PLY IS SET TO EXPIREDATE OF THIS COM 1.136(a). In no event, however od will apply and will expire SIX tute, cause the application to be siling date of this communication. 5 June 2006. This action is non-final. wance except for form or exparte Quayle, 19 the application. drawn from considerate and/or election requirements. accepted or b) object the drawing(s) be held in prection is required if the expection is required if the	RE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY MUNICATION. The may a reply be timely filed (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this ecome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). The ven if timely filed, may reduce any and the mailing date of the ecome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). The ven if timely filed, may reduce any and the venture of timely filed, may reduce any and the venture of timely filed, may reduce any and the venture of timely filed. The venture of the v	(30) DAYS, s communication. the merits is a).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International B. * See the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been rece ments have been rece e priority documents ha sureau (PCT Rule 17.2	ived. vived in Application No have been received in this Nat (a)).	 ional Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) \[\(\text{48} \) (/SB/08) \(5) \[\(\text{6} \) \[\text{6} \)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:	on (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 10-16 and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brandy in view of Kuszyk et al.

Brandy (col. 2, lines 2+) substantially teaches the claimed pouring shroud (casting component) for casting steel, having a body of refractory material coated with insulating material, wherein the insulating coating material including 5-40 wt % insulating hollow microsheres of silica and alumina for the purpose of reducing weight and improving thermal insulation. Further, the coating comprising 20-80 wt % of a ceramic matrix comprising vitreous

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grains, notably atomized silica for the purpose of preventing the coated pouring shroud or nozzle from the attack of inclusions such as oxides.

Brandy fails to teach the use of forming a gas impermeable layer with liquid metal. However, Kuszyk et al (col. 12, lines 28+) teach the use of forming a gas impermeable layer with liquid metal by infiltrating molten metal into refractory material (microsphere filler) and making protective interpenetrated gas impermeable (aluminum nitride matrix ceramic composite) layer for the purpose of preventing the attack of thermal shock when the composite bodies such as pouring shrouds are used in casting environments. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide Brandy the use of forming a gas impermeable layer with liquid metal as taught by Kuszyk et al in order to effectively prevent the attack of thermal shock when the composite bodies are used in casting environments.

4. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brandy in view of Kuszyk et al and further in view of Juma.

Brandy in view of Kuszyk et al fails to teach the use of carbon bonded material for base body of the pouring shroud. However, Juma (col. 2, lines 15+) teaches the use of graphite-alumina refractory for base body of the pouring shroud for the purpose of reducing weight and improving thermal shock. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide Brandy in view of Kuszyk et al the use of carbon bonded material for base body of the pouring shroud as taught by Juma in order to effectively reduce weight, prevent inclusion attack and improve thermal shock.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 10-17 and 19-21 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ing-Hour Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1180. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00-5:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Pat Ryan can be reached on (571) 272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

f.Hd.

I.-H. Lin

7-6-06

KEVIN KERNS Kevin Kens 1/10/06 PRIMARY EXAMINER